CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- A unit dose composition for inducing angiogenesis in a
 human, comprising about .008 mg to about 7.2 mg of FGF-2 or an angiogenically active fragment or mutein thereof in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- The unit dose composition of claim 1, comprising 0.3 mg to 3.5 mg of FGF-2, or an angiogenically active fragment or mutein thereof.
 - 3. The unit dose composition of claim 1, wherein said FGF-2 has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.
- 4. The unit dose composition of claim 3, comprising 0.3 mg to 3.5 mg of an FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 or an angiogenically active fragment or mutein thereof in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 5. The unit dose composition of claim 3, comprising about 20 .008 mg to about 7.2 mg of said angiogenically active mutein of said FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

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- 6. The unit dose composition of claim 5, comprising 0.3 mg to 3.5 mg of said angiogenically active mutein of said FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 5 7. The unit dose composition of claim 3, comprising about .008 mg to about 7.2 mg of said angiogenically active fragment of said FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 8. The unit dose composition of claim 7, comprising 0.3 mg to 3.5 mg of said angiogenically active fragment of said FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 9. The unit dose composition of claim 3, comprising about
 .008 mg to about 7.2 mg of FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 in a pharmaceutically
 acceptable carrier in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
 - 10. A method for treating a human patient for coronary artery disease comprising, administering a safe and therapeutically effective amount of a recombinant FGF-2 or an angiogenically active fragment or mutein thereof to one or more coronary vessels or to a peripheral vein in a human patient in need of treatment for said coronary artery disease, said therapeutically effective amount being about $0.2 \mu g/kg$ to $48 \mu g/kg$ of patient weight.

- 11. The method of claim 10, wherein said recombinant FGF-2 has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.
- 12. The method of claim 11, further comprising the step of administering to said human patient about 10 U/kg to 80 U/kg of heparin within about 0 to 30 minutes prior to administering said recombinant FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 or said angiogenically active fragment or mutein thereof.
- 13. The method of claim 12, wherein said therapeutically effective amount of a recombinant FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 or an angiogenically active fragment or mutein thereof is administered to one or more coronary vessels.
- 14. The method of claim 13, wherein said therapeutically effective amount of a recombinant FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 or an angiogenically active fragment or mutein thereof is about 24 μ g/kg to 48 μ g/kg.
- 15. The method of claim 12 wherein said therapeutically effective amount of a recombinant FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 or said angiogenically active fragment or mutein thereof is administered to a peripheral vein.

- 16. The method of claim 15, wherein said therapeutically effective amount of a recombinant FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 or said angiogenically active fragment or mutein thereof is about 18 μg/kg to 36 μg/kg.
- 17. A method for treating a human patient for coronary artery disease comprising, administering a single unit dose of a recombinant FGF-2 or an angiogenically active fragment or mutein thereof to one or more coronary vessels or to a peripheral vein in a human patient in need of treatment for coronary artery disease, said unit dose comprising from about .008 mg to 7.2 mg of a recombinant FGF-2 or an angiogenically active fragment or mutein thereof.
 - 18. The method of claim 17, wherein said FGF-2 has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.
- 15. The method of claim 18, wherein said single unit dose produces a therapeutic benefit in said human patient that lasts at least four months.
- 20. The method of claim 19, wherein said single unit dose produces a therapeutic benefit in said human patient that lasts 6 months.
 - 21. The method of claim 20, wherein said single unit dose produces a therapeutic benefit of such magnitude and duration in said human

patient such that administration of a second unit dose is not required for about 6 months.

- 22. The method of claim 20, wherein said unit dose is administered to one or more coronary arteries.
 - 23. The method of claim 20, wherein said unit dose is administered to a peripheral vein.
- 10 24. The method of claim 20, wherein said unit dose comprises 0.3 mg to 3.5 mg of a recombinant FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 or an angiogenically active fragment or mutein thereof.
- 25. The method of claim 19, further comprising the step of administering 10 U/kg to 80 U/kg of heparin to said patient IV or IC about 0 to 30 minutes prior to administering said unit dose.
- 26. A method for inducing angiogenesis in a heart of a human patient comprising, administering a single unit dose of a recombinant FGF-2 or an angiogenically active fragment or mutein thereof to one or more coronary vessels or to a peripheral vein in a human patient in need of treatment for coronary artery disease, said unit dose comprising from about .008 mg to 7.2 mg of a recombinant FGF-2 or an angiogenically active fragment or mutein thereof.

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- 27. The method of claim 26, wherein said FGF-2 has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.
- 5 28. The method of claim 27 wherein said single unit dose produces an improvement in one or more clinical endpoints in said human patient that lasts at least four months.
- 29. The method of claim 28, wherein said single unit dose produces an improvement in one or more clinical endpoints in said human patient that lasts 6 months.
 - 30. A method for treating a human patient for a myocardial infarction comprising, administering a single unit dose of a recombinant FGF-2 or an angiogenically active fragment or mutein thereof to one or more coronary vessels or to a peripheral vein in said human patient, said unit dose comprising from about .008 mg to 7.2 mg of a recombinant FGF-2 or an angiogenically active fragment or mutein thereof.
- 31. The method of claim 30, further comprising the step of administering 10 U/kg to 80 U/kg of heparin to said patient IV or IC about 0 to 30 minutes prior to administering said unit dose.

- 32. The method of claim 31, wherein FGF-2 has the amino acid sequence of the SEQ ID NO: 2.
- 33. The method of claim 30, wherein said unit dose is administered to a peripheral vein.
 - 34. The method of claim 30, wherein said unit dose is administered into one or more coronary vessels of said patient.